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Index

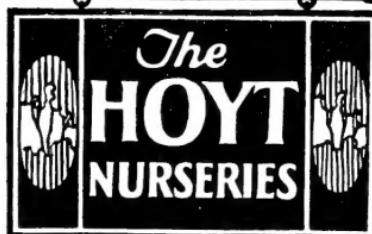


The
HOYT NURSERIES
NEW CANAAN, CONN.

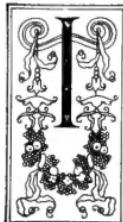
Telephone: 9-1633

1848

1951



Introduction

N 1848, just 103 years ago this spring, Stephen Hoyt, great grandfather of our present president, started in the nursery business on the very site where our Nursery stands today.

In the early years only a few acres of trees were grown; propagation consisted almost entirely of fruit trees, since there was little demand for ornamental plants at that time. Later on through the years, flowering shrubs, evergreens, and an almost complete line of nursery stock were added, until we now grow nearly all varieties of trees and shrubs which thrive best in this locality.

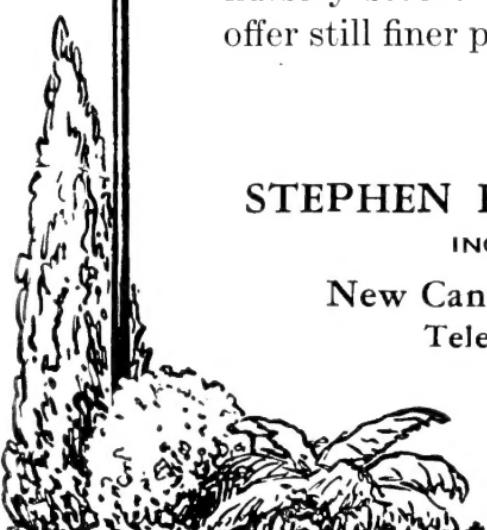
We sincerely thank our many thousands of friends for their liberal and ever-increasing patronage that has enabled this Nursery to grow until we now have several hundred acres under cultivation, covered with thousands of plants.

During the past hundred years, we have always attempted to grow only the best nursery stock. In the future we aim to offer still finer plants and better service.

The
STEPHEN HOYT'S SONS CO.

INCORPORATED

New Canaan . Connecticut
Telephone: 9-1633



NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS

► This catalog lists our trees and shrubs, but to appreciate them fully you should see them. Come over to the nursery and look around.

► **OUR MATERIALS** and service are available to you directly or through your Landscape Architect.

► **PLANTING** begins in the spring as soon as frost is out of the ground and extends through April, May and June. Fall planting begins in August and extends through December, or until the ground freezes. When the season is far advanced, we reserve the right to ball and burlap (B&B) at extra charge, those items not so listed, to insure success in transplanting. The following chart is our basis for these charges:

Schedule for Balling and Burlapping (B&B) Charges

Size of Plant or Tree	Charge	Size of Plant or Tree	Charge
1½ to 2 ft. high.....	\$0 50	2 to 2½-in. caliper....	\$5 00
2 to 3 ft. high.....	60	2½ to 3-in. caliper....	6 00
3 to 4 ft. high.....	75	3 to 3½-in. caliper....	7 50
4 to 5 ft. high.....	90	3½ to 4-in. caliper....	10 00
5 to 6 ft. high.....	1 50	4 to 4½-in. caliper....	15 00
6 to 8 ft. high.....	2 50	4½ to 5-in. caliper....	25 00

The above prices apply to those items in our catalog which are not priced Balled & Burlapped (B&B), when balling is necessary or requested.

► **PRICES**—in this list do not include cost of delivering and planting. Plants are priced for our selection only. Specimen plants, many of which are not included in this list, will be charged for according to their individual value when selected by you. All quotations offered are subject to prior sale. These prices supersede all others and are subject to change without notice.

► **DELIVERIES**—pro rated charge on scheduled trips. Special deliveries conflicting with normal schedule will be arranged and charged for at cost.

► **TERMS**—Cash or satisfactory references must accompany all orders, unless the person ordering is known to us.

G U A R A N T E E

We guarantee to replace, at one-half original purchase price, any plant or tree that we have supplied, which dies from natural causes within a period of one year (except those items marked with a star), provided the plants have been properly cared for, and provided payment has been received in 30 days or as arranged. The cost of delivering and planting of replaced material is borne by the purchaser and replacement is made at our convenience.



Cut-leaf Birch

Large Trees for Shade

For over half a century, our Nursery has been moving medium and large-sized shade trees successfully. We have growing in our Nursery, many varieties that do well in this locality.

With our modern equipment, we now move large trees more rapidly and with less expense to you.

Shade trees may be planted through the entire year, but *should* be planted during the fall and winter months, November through March. If trees are moved during these months, we will be able to do the work at less expense and thus save you money.

Norway Maple (*Acer platanoides*)



Ornamental and Shade Trees

Possibly the most attractive feature of many of our New England towns is their large shade and ornamental trees. It is absolutely necessary to include deciduous trees in home and street plantings, since no others equal them in foliage and growing characteristics.

It is important to plant some of these trees each year, since it takes from ten to twenty-five years to produce a good-sized specimen. Plant medium-sized trees and they will grow rapidly into lofty specimens.

Trees not marked B&B (Balled and Burlapped) can be moved with bare roots when taken early in spring, before leaves appear, or in autumn after leaves have fallen.

Acer • Maple

Acer palmatum atropurpureum. Japanese Red Maple.

A fine semi-dwarf, red-foliaged tree that stands out in any location.	Each
15 to 18 in.....	\$6 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	8 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	10 00
8 to 9 ft., heavy specimen, B&B.....	70 00
9 to 10 ft., heavy specimen, B&B.....	85 00

A. platanoides. Norway Maple.

A beautiful, full, round-topped Maple with large green leaves. Casts a very dense shade. Holds foliage till late fall. Yellow autumn color.

1½ to 2-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high.....	10 00
2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high.....	12 50
7 to 8-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, specimen, B&B.....	125 00
8 to 9-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, specimen, B&B.....	160 00
9 to 10-in. cal., 25 to 35 ft. high, specimen, B&B.....	200 00

Larger sizes on application.

A. rubrum. Red or Scarlet Maple.

Bright red bloom covers all the branches in spring. Again in late fall its foliage turns crimson and orange. Although a native in damp soils, it thrives equally well in dry spots.

2 to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.....	15 00
3 to 4-in. cal., 14 to 18 ft. high, B&B.....	35 00
4 to 5-in. cal., 18 to 22 ft. high, B&B.....	50 00
5 to 6-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high, B&B.....	75 00

Larger sizes on application.

A. saccharum. Sugar or Rock Maple.

The most gorgeous Maple for fall color, ranging from yellow to a vivid scarlet. Upright and stately in growth.

1 to 1½-in. cal., 10 to 14 ft. high.....	10 00
1½ to 2 in. cal., 10 to 14 ft. high	12 50
3½ to 4-in. cal., 18 to 22 ft. high, B&B.....	40 00
4 to 4½-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high, B&B.....	50 00
4½ to 5-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high, B&B.....	60 00
5 to 5½-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, B&B.....	85 00
5½ to 6-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, B&B.....	100 00
6 to 6½-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, B&B.....	125 00

Larger sizes on application.

Ornamental and Shade Trees

Betula • Birch

Birch are beautiful, graceful trees, thriving in moist as well as in high, dry and stony places. They are very attractive as specimens, but also group well with pines, hemlock and other evergreens.

Our Policy Regarding Planting of Birch

Birch must be planted in the winter season. This season starts in January and extends through March and on occasion into early April. Under no circumstances will we plant after April 10.

Betula alba. European White Birch.

Creamy white bark. Good as a background against evergreens.

	Each
2-stem clumps, 6 to 7 ft. high.	\$10 00
2-stem clumps, 7 to 8 ft. high.	12 50
3-stem clumps, 6 to 7 ft. high.	12 50
3-stem clumps, 7 to 8 ft. high.	15 00
4-stem clumps, 6 to 7 ft. high.	15 00

B. alba laciniata. Cut-leaf Weeping Birch.

Deeply cut green leaves on white branches that droop gracefully to the ground like a large fountain.

Single stem, 6 to 8 ft. high.	5 00
Single stem, 3 to 3½-in. cal., 15 to 20 ft. high, B&B.	35 00
Larger sizes on application.	

B. papyrifera. Canoe Birch.

Originates in the Adirondacks. Characteristic white bark is not evident until the tree is slightly older than other varieties of White Birch. A long-lived tree.

Single stem, 10 to 12 ft. high.	15 00
Single stem, 2½ to 3-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high, B&B	25 00
Single stem, 3 to 3½-in. cal., 14 to 18 ft. high, B&B	32 50
Larger sizes on application.	

Betula alba (European White Birch)



Ornamental and Shade Trees

Betula pendula sargentii. Sargent's Weeping Birch.

Dwarf, irregular growth. Ideal for rock gardens. Each
Single stem, 8 to 9 ft. high, specimen, B&B.....\$40 00
Single stem, 9 to 10 ft. high, specimen, B&B..... 50 00

Fagus • Beech

Fagus sylvatica. European Green Beech.

Attractive green leaves. Grows slowly into beautiful specimens. Makes excellent hedges and screens.

F. sylvatica atropurpurea. Copper Beech.

One of our finest lawn trees, with wine-colored leaves in spring and early summer, fading to copper in July. This tree is one of the hardiest in the nursery.

Prices of European Green and Copper Beech: Each
4 to 5-in. cal., 15 to 20 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. \$60 00
5 to 6-in. cal., 18 to 22 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. 100 00
6 to 7-in. cal., 18 to 25 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. 125 00
7 to 8-in. cal., 20 to 30 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. 150 00

Larger sizes on application.

F. sylvatica pendula. Weeping Green Beech.

Similar to European Green Beech, but with drooping branches and more dwarf in growth.

4 to 5-in. cal., 18 to 25 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. 75 00
5 to 6-in. cal., 20 to 30 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. 100 00

LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua. Gum Tree.

A fine pyramidal tree with large maple-like leaves which turn a blazing scarlet in the fall. Bark of corky texture. Suitable for swampy conditions as well as higher ground.

2 to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B..... 22 50
3 to 4-in. cal., 12 to 18 ft. high, B&B..... 35 00
5 to 6-in. cal., 16 to 25 ft. high, specimen, B&B.. 80 00

Larger sizes on application.

MORUS alba tatarica. Russian Mulberry.

A small tree with edible reddish black fruit that is particularly attractive to the birds.

3 to 4 ft..... 2 00

Beech Hedge





Liquidambar styraciflua (Sweet Gum)

Ornamental and Shade Trees

PLATANUS orientalis. European Plane.

Large, picturesque, fast-growing tree, easily recognized by its gray and white bark. Most useful for streets, parks, seashore, and rough situations where a tough durable specimen is required. Resists insects. Each

3 to 4-in. cal., 15 to 20 ft. high, B&B \$30 00

Larger sizes on application.

Populus nigra italica (Lombard Poplar)





Quercus palustris (Pin Oak)

Ornamental and Shade Trees

POPULUS nigra italica. Lombard Poplar.

Tall; rapid-growing. Useful to break horizontal monotony, or grouped to screen objectionable views. Each
8 to 10 ft.....\$3 50

Quercus • Oak

Quercus coccinea. Scarlet Oak.

Deeply cut foliage on round-headed tree. Bright scarlet in fall. Each
1½ to 2-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.....\$17 50
2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B.....20 00

Q. palustris. Pin Oak.

Sturdy, pyramidal, rugged, and irregular. Grows rapidly. Deeply cut green foliage turns rich crimson in fall. A swamp tree which can be planted to advantage in any type of soil.
6 to 7-in. cal., 22 to 25 ft. high, specimen, B&B..100 00
7 to 8-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, specimen, B&B..130 00
Larger sizes on application.

Q. rubra. Red Oak.

A towering specimen. When leafing in the spring, it gives a pink effect. Later, the leaf is a bright green, turning to crimson-red in autumn, and hanging on till spring.

3 to 4-in. cal., 12 to 18 ft. high, B&B.....50 00
4 to 5-in. cal., 14 to 20 ft. high, B&B.....75 00



Salix (Weeping Willow)

Ornamental and Shade Trees

Salix • Willow

Salix babylonica. *Babylon Weeping Willow.*

Old-fashioned Green Willow. Irregular, vertical weeping limbs with long, narrow leaves. Grows most rapidly by streams and pools. Each

6 to 8 ft. high..... \$2 50

S. elegantissima. *Thurlow Weeping Willow.*

The fastest-growing Weeping Willow. A beautiful tree for planting near rivers or in other moist spots.

6 to 8 ft. high..... 2 50

S. niobe. *Golden Weeping Willow.*

Fast growing, with fine foliage. Distinct in winter, due to its golden bark. A graceful weeper.

5 to 6 ft..... 2 50

5 to 6 ft., B&B..... 4 00

6 to 8 ft..... 3 50

6 to 8 ft., B&B..... 5 00

1½ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high, B&B..... 10 00

2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B..... 12 50

2½ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high, B&B..... 15 00

SORBUS aucuparia. *Mountain-Ash.*

Well known in Europe for its great clusters of orange-red fruit. The robins in this country love these berries.

8 to 10 ft..... 8 50

Ornamental and Shade Trees

Tilia • Linden

Tilia cordata. European Small-leaved Linden.

One of the best Lindens for street plantings in our climate. This is a small-leaved, late-flowering Linden. Very fragrant.

	Each
6 to 7-in. cal., 14 to 20 ft. high, B&B	\$75 00
7 to 8-in. cal., 14 to 20 ft. high, B&B	90 00

T. platyphyllos pyramidalis. Pyramidal Linden.

Compact growth. Stands severe pruning. Ideal for formal planting.

2 to 2½-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high.	10 00
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Ulmus • Elm

Ulmus americana. American Elm.

A giant at once majestic and graceful. At home everywhere in northeastern United States. This noble tree is an institution in our New England towns.

3 to 4-in. cal., 14 to 22 ft. high, B&B	25 00
4 to 5-in. cal., 20 to 30 ft. high, B&B	50 00
5 to 6-in. cal., 22 to 30 ft. high, B&B	85 00
6 to 7-in. cal., 25 to 30 ft. high, B&B	125 00
7 to 8-in. cal., 25 to 35 ft. high, B&B	150 00

Larger sizes on application.

Flowering Trees

There is probably no group of deciduous plants as popular or well known as this one. Their interesting habits of growth, glossy foliage, and gorgeous spring blooms, followed by attractive fruit of many colors in late summer and fall, make them an all-year-round satisfaction. Trees in this group thrive in almost all kinds of soil, and most varieties are very hardy. They flower best in full or partial sunshine.

ÆSCULUS hippocastanum. White Horse-Chestnut.

Breaks into foliage, combined with large upright clusters of white flowers, early in May. Grows into a lovely shade tree.

	Each
2 to 3-in. cal., 8 to 12 ft. high, B&B	\$12 50
3 to 4-in. cal., 10 to 14 ft. high, B&B	20 00
4 to 5-in. cal., 12 to 16 ft. high, B&B	25 00

Larger sizes on application.

Æ. rubicunda. Pink Horse-Chestnut.

Ornamental tree, similar to white variety. Bears pink flowers in May.

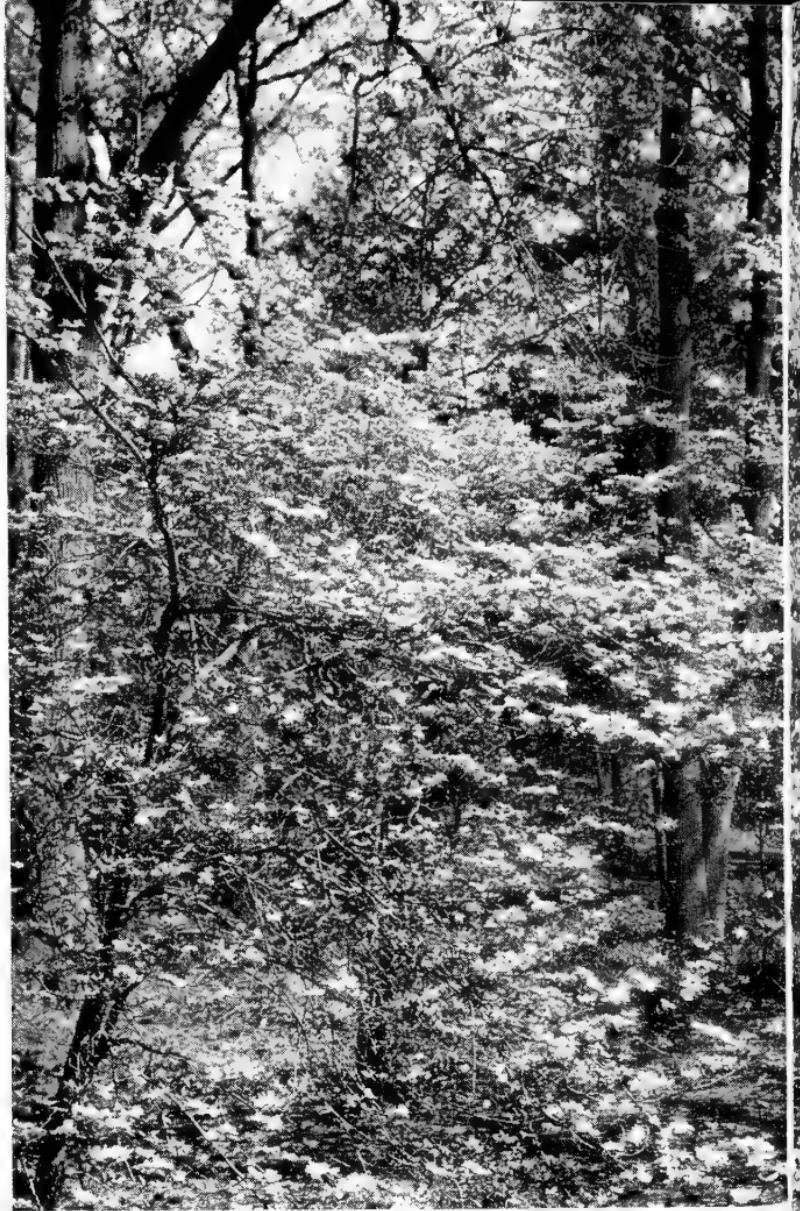
1½ to 2-in. cal., 7 to 9 ft. high, B&B	7 50
2 to 2½-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high, B&B	10 00

Larger sizes on application.

CERCIS canadensis. Redbud; Judas-Tree.

Broad, irregular, vase-shaped tree that flowers from stem to tip before leaves appear. Flowers are rosy pink. A fine plant for wooded areas.

4 to 5 ft., bare root	5 00
5 to 6 ft., bare root	7 50



White-Flowering

Flowering Trees

Cornus · Dogwood

Cornus florida. White-Flowering Dogwood.

The early spring beauty of its pure white flowers, the summer freshness of its soft green leaves, and the fall splendor of brilliant scarlet foliage and orange-red berries, as well as its individual habit of growth, make this tree outstanding.

Regular grade.	Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$3 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	4 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	7 50
7 to 8 ft., B&B.....	10 00
8 to 9 ft., B&B.....	12 50
9 to 10 ft., B&B.....	15 00
10 to 12 ft., B&B.....	20 00

Specimen grade. Extra heavy. Top spread 6 to 14 ft.

3½ to 4-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high, B&B.....	40 00
4 to 4½-in. cal., 12 to 18 ft. high, B&B.....	50 00
4½ to 5-in. cal., 12 to 18 ft. high, B&B.....	60 00
5 to 5½-in. cal., 14 to 20 ft. high, B&B.....	75 00
5½ to 6-in. cal., 14 to 20 ft. high, B&B.....	85 00
6 to 6½-in. cal., 16 to 22 ft. high, B&B.....	100 00



Dogwood

Flowering Trees

Cornus florida rubra. Pink-flowering Dogwood.

Similar in beauty of growth to the White-flowering Dogwood. Pink flowers add distinction to this variety. Most effective when planted among White Dogwood, for its leaves are more brilliant in the fall.

Regular grade.

	Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$12 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	15 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	17 50

Specimen grade. Extra heavy. Spread 9 to 18 ft.

6 to 6½-in. cal., 14 to 20 ft. high, B&B.....	100 00
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C. kousa. Japanese Flowering Dogwood.

A shrubby plant. Has large clusters of white flowers with distinct centers. Blooms after foliage appears, a month later than our native Dogwood.

5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	12 50

Crataegus • Hawthorn

Crataegus cordata. Washington Hawthorn.

White flowers. Red fruit lasting into winter. Fine foliage and color in autumn.

Each
6 to 8 ft., specimen, B&B.....
8 to 10 ft., specimen, B&B.....
10 to 12 ft., specimen, B&B.....
12 to 14 ft., specimen, B&B.....

Flowering Trees

Crataegus monogyna plena. *Paul's Double Scarlet Hawthorn.*
Brilliant red flowers in clusters. Scarlet fruit. Each
6 to 8 ft., bare root. \$7 50

C. monogyna rosea. *Paul's Double Pink Hawthorn.*
Pale pink flowers in clusters. Scarlet fruit.
6 to 8 ft., bare root. 7 50

GORDONIA alatamaha. *Gordonia (Franklinia).*
Low-branching ornamental tree. Creamy white flowers
in September and October. Shiny green foliage turning scar-
let in fall.
3 to 4 ft., B&B. 7 50

LABURNUM vossi. *Vossi Golden-Chain.*
A small tree bearing long racemes of golden blossoms in
June. Pea-shaped flowers, in clusters like wisteria.
6 to 8 ft., bare root. 4 00
6 to 8 ft., B&B. 7 50
8 to 10 ft., B&B. 12 50
10 to 12 ft., B&B. 17 50

MAGNOLIA soulangeana. *Saucer Magnolia.*
Pink cups with white inner walls.
2 to 3 ft., B&B. 6 00
2 to 3 ft., heavy, B&B. 7 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B. 10 00



White-flowering Dogwood

Flowering Trees

Malus • Flowering Crab-Apple

These hardy flowering Crab-Apples thrive in almost all locations and exposures. No other flowering tree or bushes give such a profusion of bloom in the springtime. In the autumn they are adorned with clusters of fruits in many colors. Crab-Apples do best in a sweet, well-drained soil and require full sunshine for best results.

MALUS arnoldiana. *Arnold's Crab-Apple.*

Flowers in May, semi-double, deep pink. Bears miniature yellow apples relished by birds.

	Each
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00

M. atropurpurea. *Purple Crab-Apple.*

Flowers in May, single, rosy pink. Bears miniature red fruit, relished by birds.

5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00
7 to 8 ft., B&B.....	20 00

M. atrosanguinea. *Carmine Crab-Apple.*

Flowers in May, single, dark pink shading into light crimson. Broad, shapely grower. Bears miniature yellow fruit in fall.

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00
7 to 8 ft., B&B.....	20 00

Malus (Flowering Crab-Apple)





Field Scene of Pines and

Flowering Trees

Malus floribunda. Crab-Apple.

Light pink flowers in May followed by attractive tiny yellow- and pink-cheeked apples in fall.	Each
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00
7 to 8 ft., B&B.....	20 00

M. ioensis bechteli. Bechtel's Crab-Apple.

Double, pink, rose-shaped flowers in late May.

4 to 5 ft., bare root.....	3 75
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M. robusta. Upright Cherry Crab-Apple.

Creamy white flowers. Grows rapidly.

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00

M. sargentii. Sargent's Crab-Apple.

Pure white flowers. Dwarf. Brilliant red berries which last well into the winter.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	7 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	10 00



Flowering Crab-Apple

Flowering Trees

Malus scheideckeri. Scheidecker Crab-Apple.

Large, semi-double, pink flowers. Formal upright grower.
Bears waxy yellow fruit. Each

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	\$7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00

M. spectabilis. Chinese Crab-Apple.

Fragrant, double, delicate pink flowers. Beautiful upright plant. Bears small yellow fruit.

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00

M. theifera. Tea Crab-Apple.

Flowers in May. Sturdy, spreading tree with entire branches covered with flowers which are white or tinted with pale pink.

4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 50
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	15 00

Flowering Trees

OXYDENDRUM arboreum. Sorrel-Tree.

A truly beautiful specimen. Shiny long green foliage. Fall finds this plant with clusters of waxy flowers and the leaves changing to vivid scarlet. Blends well in dogwood plantings.

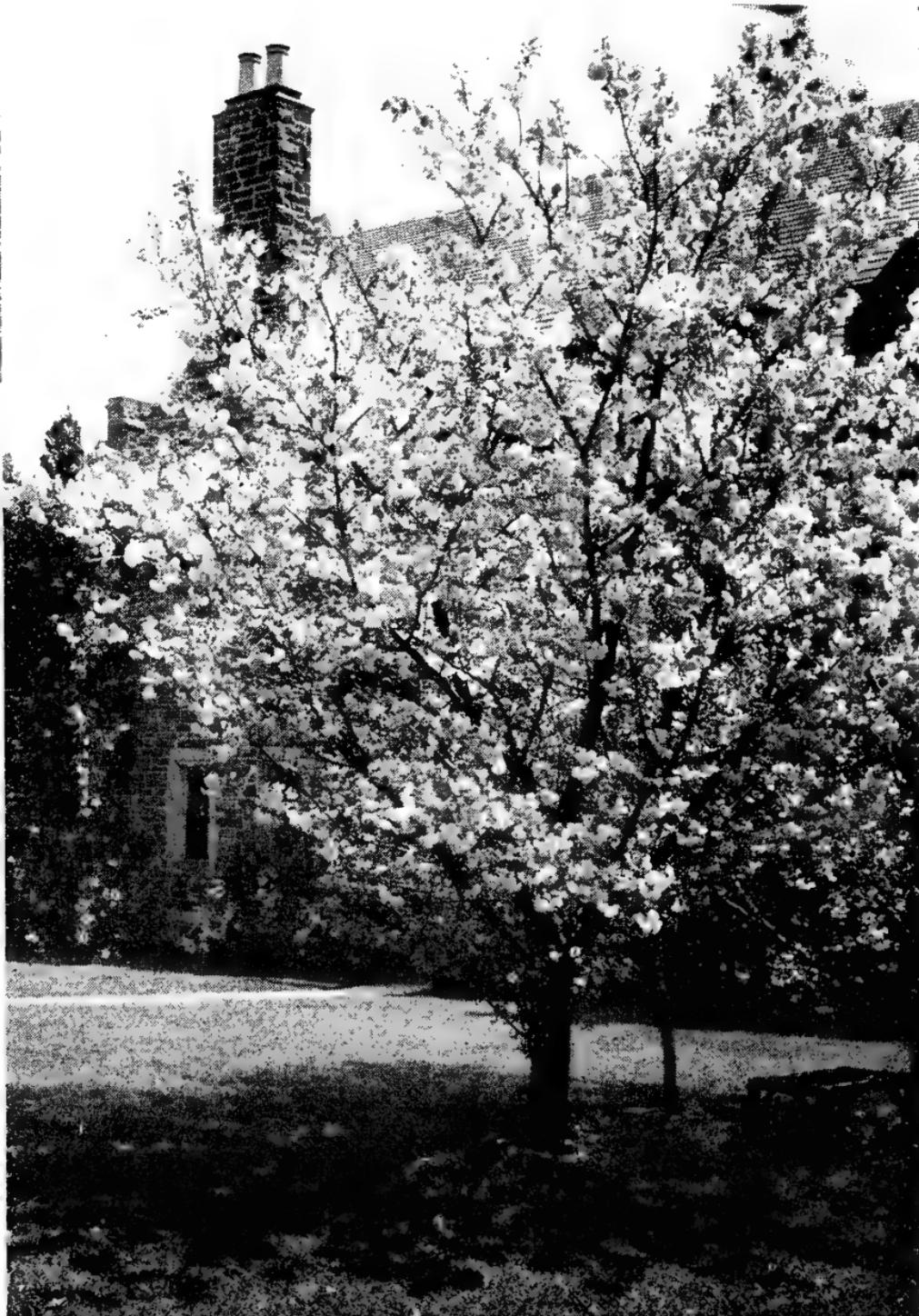
	Each
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	\$10 00
6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	12 50
7 to 8 ft., B&B.....	15 00

Prunus . Flowering Japanese Cherry

This fine flowering tree from Japan thrives in this locality. The weeping variety blooms early and is very attractive in its habit of growth. The blooms of the Upright Cherry come later and last longer. They are single or double, depending on variety, and their colors range from blush to deep pink. They flower best in full sunlight.

	Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$5 00
2 to 2½-in. cal., 6 to 7 ft. high, B&B.....	17 50
2½ to 3-in. cal., 6 to 9 ft. high, B&B.....	20 00
3 to 3½-in. cal., 7 to 9 ft. high, B&B.....	25 00

Prunus, Kwanzan (Pink Double-flowering Japanese Cherry)





Prunus serrulata pendulata (Weeping Cherry)

Flowering Trees

Prunus glandulosa. See Flowering Shrubs.

P., Kwanzan. <i>Pink Double-flowering Cherry.</i>	Each
5 to 6 ft., bare root.....	\$5 00
P. serrulata pendulata. <i>Pink Weeping Japanese Cherry.</i>	
5 to 6-ft. stem, 1-yr. head, bare root	5 00
5 to 6-ft. stem, 2-yr. head, B&B	12 50
5 to 6-ft. stem, 3-yr. head, B&B	15 00
P. triloba plena. <i>Pink Double-flowering Plum.</i>	
3 to 4 ft. bare root.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	5 00

We suggest using 5-8-7 fertilizer and ground-limestone when planting flowering Cherries and Crab-apples; and Special Formula fertilizer for Dogwoods. See page 48.



Yews, Azaleas and Andromedas do much to

Evergreens

Evergreens give permanent beauty all the year, carrying their beautiful richly colored foliage through the winter when deciduous trees and shrubs are leafless. Every home-builder, no matter how small the grounds, needs them. They not only provide privacy, but are indispensable for shelter and wind-breaks, hedges, backgrounds, and specimens in landscape work. The slow-growing and spreading varieties such as Yews and Junipers are available for use in house and garden plantings. Practically all evergreens require light and air. Yews and Hemlocks are the most tolerant of shade.

All Evergreens B&B (Balled & Burlapped)

Chamaecyparis (Retinospora) • Cypress

A large family of evergreens thriving in various soil conditions. Their uses are numerous because they vary in both color and size. Some grow into tall trees, while others are dwarf. Use this evergreen as a background for gardens, hedges, house foundations, and in rockeries. It must be used in the sunlight for best results. Most varieties grow rather rapidly.

Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress.

Graceful, thread-like green foliage. Semi-dwarf.

C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress.

Feathery green foliage. Can be sheared into any shape desired. Fine for hedging.

C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress.

Feathery golden foliage with habits similar to the Plumosa.

C. pisifera squarrosa. Moss Cypress.

Cloudy blue foliage. Compact growth. Vigorous grower.

Prices of above four varieties of Cypress: Each

15 to 18 in.....	\$2 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	2 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3 50



create a lasting and attractive planting

Evergreens

Juniperus • Juniper; Cedar

The Junipers are a large group of evergreens growing in almost all parts of this country, as well as in many other parts of the world. These plants are used extensively in garden work, due to their varying types and interesting habits of growth, either columnar, bushy, or spreading. All varieties are extremely hardy and have attractive foliage, varying in color from light to dark and even to a bluish green. Some have showy blue berries in the fall. They may be used as individual specimens, for screens, hedges, or in rock gardens. They grow best in a well-drained soil in full sunshine, and for best results should be fed occasionally to maintain their color and artistic habits of growth.

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper.

A hardy, spreading, irregular Juniper. Two-tone green foliage. Will stand city conditions well. One of our best evergreens.

Each

15 to 18-in. spread.....	\$3 50
1½ to 2-ft. spread.....	4 50

J. chinensis sargentii. Sargent Juniper.

A very hardy, blue-green, trailing Juniper of compact growth. Good ground-cover; valuable for rockery.

15 to 18-in. spread.....	5 00
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J. communis depressa plumosa. Andorra Juniper.

A valuable, spreading, feathery Juniper. Fine for slopes; also a good plant for border work. Turns bronze color in the fall.

15 to 18-in. spread.....	3 50
1½ to 2-ft. spread.....	4 50

J. virginiana cannartii. Cannart Juniper.

A very attractive hybrid having dark green, bunchy foliage. Bears porcelain-blue fruit in late summer. One of the best upright Junipers.

2 to 3 ft.....	4 00
3 to 4 ft.....	7 50
4 to 5 ft.....	10 00

Evergreens

Juniperus virginiana globosa. Globe Cedar.

A dwarf globe form of Cedar. Good for rockery use. Each
3 to 3½-ft. spread.....\$10 00

J. virginiana keteleeri. Keteleer Cedar.

A rugged, compact, pyramidal Cedar, bearing large, light
blue berries in the fall. Has very attractive foliage, always
free from disease.

3 to 4 ft.....7 50
4 to 5 ft.....10 00

Pinus • Pine

Most of these well-known evergreens grow rapidly into
large, rugged trees. They have attractive foliage of various
colors and are particularly well suited for windbreaks or
screens, but they also grow into beautiful specimen trees.
Some varieties thrive at the seashore, while others do best
at higher elevations. All varieties, however, grow well under
exposed or windy conditions and do best in full sunlight.
Most Pines enjoy a light, well-drained soil.

Pinus montana mughus. Mugho Pine.

A very fine low-growing Pine, used successfully in border
work. One of the best for shore plantings. Hardy. Each

1½ to 2-ft. spread.....\$5 00
2 to 2½-ft. spread.....6 00

Larger sizes on application.



Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga)

Evergreens

Pinus strobus. White Pine.

A native Pine, probably the best known of all. Great favorite for planting with birch and hemlock; also a fine screen Tree. Pruning makes it more dense. A five-needle Pine.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.....	\$4 00
3 to 4 ft.....	5 00
7 to 8 ft.....	15 00
8 to 9 ft.....	20 00
9 to 10 ft.....	22 50

Larger sizes on application.

P. thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine.

Irregular gnarled branches; light green foliage. Excellent for shore planting. Very hardy.

6 to 7 ft.....	20 00
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Pseudotsuga • Douglas Fir

This evergreen is a rapid, graceful grower. Its foliage varies from light to dark green, and in some types even to a bluish green. It is perfectly hardy and transplants easily. This conifer thrives in exposed locations and grows well in moist as well as well-drained soils. It is used for windbreaks, screens, or as a specimen tree; also used extensively for Christmas trees.

<i>Pseudotsuga douglasii. Douglas Fir.</i>	Each
15 to 18 in.....	\$4 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	5 00
2 to 3 ft.....	7 50
3 to 4 ft.....	10 00
4 to 5 ft.....	12 50
5 to 6 ft.....	15 00
6 to 7 ft.....	20 00
7 to 8 ft.....	25 00

Taxus • Yew

All varieties become handsome plants, some low or dwarf-growing, some faster and more upright, while others grow into large pyramidal-shaped trees.

They may be used in gardens, for hedges, near the house, or as individual specimens.

Yews are very hardy and some varieties are adorned with beautiful red berries in the late summer or fall. Some of these plants tolerate shade, but most grow best in full sunlight.

Taxus baccata repandens. English Spreading Yew.

A flat-growing, dark green Yew. Good for foundation, cemetery, rockery and border plantings. Each

15 to 18 in.....	\$6 00
18 to 24 in.....	7 50

T. cuspidata. Japanese Spreading Yew.

A spreading Yew, bearing beautiful red berries in fall. Responds well to shearing, yet is attractive when allowed to develop naturally. Excellent for hedges, borders, and foundation plantings. Does fairly well in shade.

12 to 15-in. spread.....	2 75
15 to 18-in. spread.....	4 00
1½ to 2-ft. spread.....	5 00
2 to 2½-ft. spread.....	7 50
2½ to 3-ft. spread.....	10 00

Larger sizes on application.



Taxus cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew)

Evergreens

Taxus cuspidata capitata. Japanese Pyramidal Yew.

Handsome pyramidal tree. Its dark green foliage is covered with red berries in the fall. Fine for formal plantings, hedges, or as specimens. Our plants in this variety are a far superior type. Each

2½ to 3 ft.....	\$8 00
3 to 3½ ft.....	9 50
3½ to 4 ft.....	11 00
12 to 13 ft. high, 5 to 9-ft. spread, heavy spec.....	100 00
13 to 14 ft. high, 5 to 9-ft. spread, heavy spec.....	135 00
14 to 15 ft. high, 6 to 10-ft. spread, heavy spec.....	150 00

T. cuspidata hoyti. Hoyt's Yew.

A compact, upright, spreading Yew densely clothed with large, heavy, dark green foliage. It is a fine grower. Has red berries in late summer and fall.

12 to 15-in. spread.....	2 75
15 to 18-in. spread.....	4 00
1½ to 2-ft. spread.....	5 00
2 to 2½-ft. spread.....	7 50
2½ to 3-ft. spread.....	10 00

Larger sizes on application.

Taxus cuspidata Hedge



Evergreens

Taxus cuspidata intermedia. Spreading Hybrid Yew.

A rugged, semi-dwarf, compact grower. Its foliage is slightly larger than the Brevifolia. An excellent Yew.

	Each
15 to 18-in. spread.....	\$4 50
1½ to 2-ft. spread.....	6 00
2 to 2½- ft. spread.....	7 50

T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia). Dwarf Japanese Yew.

We believe Nana to be the best of all the Yews. Artistic and irregular, spreading growth if allowed its freedom. It is very hardy and has deep green foliage. Truly an aristocrat. It may be used as a specimen or for dwarf hedges.

8 to 10 in. high.....	3 00
10 to 12 in. high.....	3 50
12 to 15 in. high.....	4 50
15 to 18 in. high.....	6 00
1½ to 2 ft. high.....	7 50

Larger sizes on application.

T. media browni. Brown's Yew.

Similar to Cuspidata Yew but slower and more compact growing.

2 to 2½-ft. spread.....	8 00
2½ to 3-ft. spread.....	10 00

T. media hatfieldi. Hatfield's Yew.

Similar to Hicks Yew except that it does not yield berries.

12 to 15 in. high.....	3 00
15 to 18 in. high.....	4 00
1½ to 2 ft. high, specimen.....	7 50

T. media hicksi. Hicks Yew.

Having a columnar habit of growth, it may be substituted for the Irish Yew in cold climates. Very dark green in color, it is valuable in formal gardens and when planted close makes a fine hedge.

15 to 18 in.....	5 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	6 00
2 to 2½ ft., specimen.....	12 50
2½ to 3 ft., specimen.....	15 00
3 to 3½ ft., specimen.....	17 50

Thuja • Arborvitæ

The Arborvitæ is among the well-known American evergreens. Most varieties are tall, fast growing, and are useful as hedges, windbreaks, backgrounds, and specimens in landscape work. The slower-growing and dwarf varieties are useful for foundation plantings and garden designs. The Arborvitæ is hardy and will thrive in all kinds of soil conditions. Most varieties need full sunlight for best results.

Thuja occidentalis globosa. Globe Arborvitæ.

Compact, globe-shaped plant. Good for foreground planting.

15 to 18 in.....	\$3 50
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T. occidentalis, Little Gem. Little Gem Arborvitæ.

A dwarf type used extensively in rockeries.

2½ to 3-ft. spread.....	10 00
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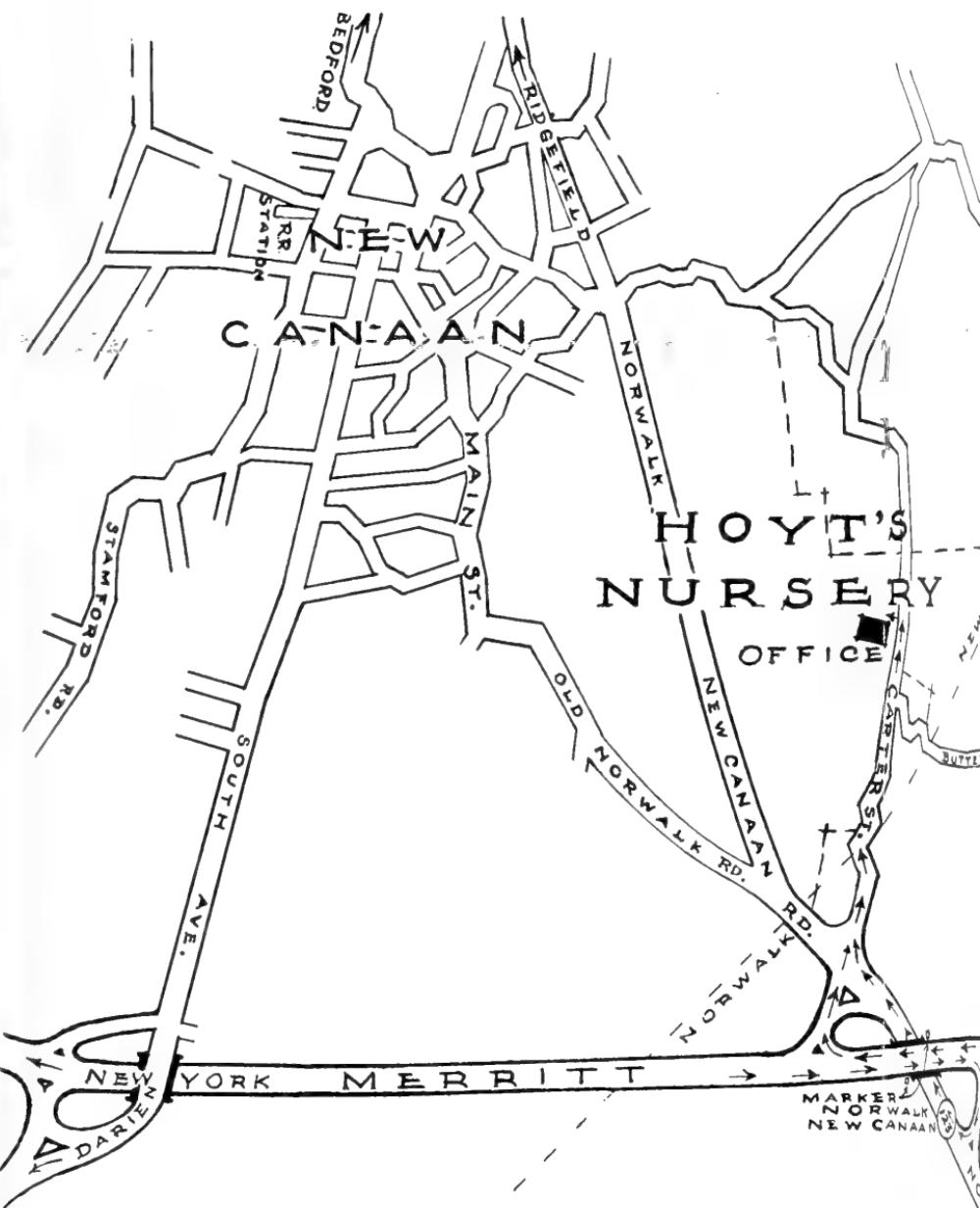
T. occidentalis nigra. Dark American Arborvitæ.

Fast-growing, hardy, pyramidal tree, useful for screening and hedging.

2 to 2½ ft.....	3 50
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Hoyt Nurseries and

600 ACRES

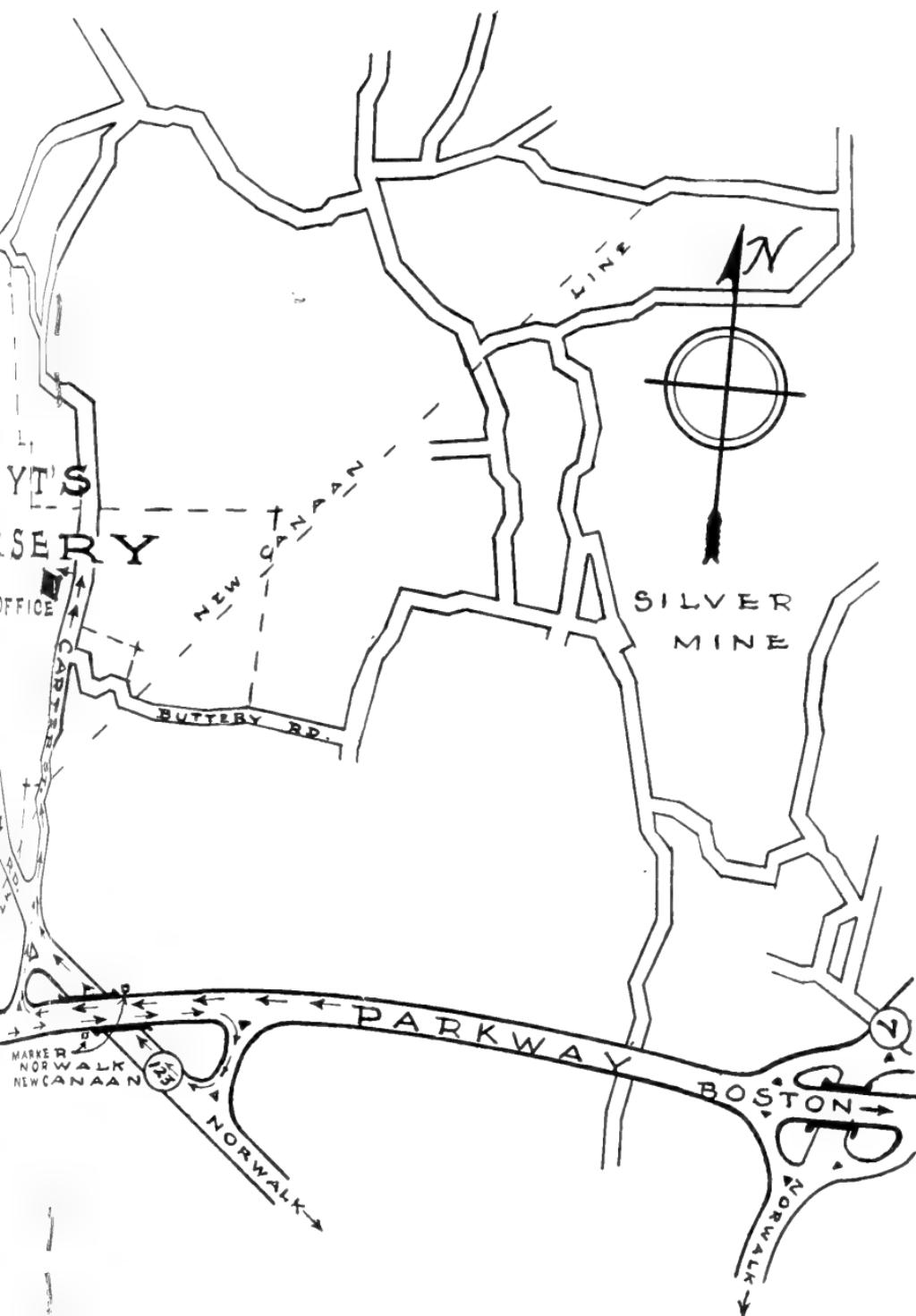


OUR NURSERY is located in the town of New Canaan, Conn., 4 miles north of the Merritt Parkway, which connects with Hutchinson County parkway systems.

Approaching New Canaan from New York, turn right off the Merritt AVENUE, ROUTE 123. Turn right on State Highway passing back Carter Road, then proceed $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to Nursery.

Approaching on Merritt Parkway from Bridgeport and East, take AVENUE, ROUTE 123. Go straight ahead onto Carter Road, then

How to Reach It



New Canaan, Conn., 40 miles from New York City and just $\frac{1}{2}$ mile
from the Hutchinson River and other New York City and West-

Turn right off the Merritt Parkway at exit 38 onto NEW CANAAN
Highway passing back under Parkway and take first right, which is

Report and East, take exit 38 off Parkway at NEW CANAAN
Carter Road, then proceed $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to Nursery.



Tsuga canadensis (Canadian Hemlock)

Evergreens

Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis. *Pyramidal Arborvitæ*

A dense, slender green pyramid, probably the best in its family. Good for formal work; a good hedge plant. Each

2 to 3 ft.....	\$3 00
3 to 3½ ft.....	3 50

T. occidentalis semperaurea. *Goldentip Arborvitæ*.

Dense, pyramidal tree. Dark green foliage, tipped with deep gold. This thrives well in almost complete shade.

1½ to 2 ft.....	2 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3 50

Tsuga • Hemlock

Stately grace and dignity characterize the Hemlock, which we consider the most beautiful of the larger North American evergreens. Its attractive dark green foliage weeps gracefully and is tipped with the bright green of new growth during the spring. Hemlocks are hardy and thrive in almost any soil. They tolerate the shade better than other evergreens and are very adaptable, being used for hedges, backgrounds for gardens, or as specimens. They stand shearing or pruning or may be allowed to grow naturally.

Tsuga canadensis. *Canadian Hemlock*.

Each

3 to 3½ ft.....	\$6 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	7 50
4 to 4½ ft.....	8 50
4½ to 5 ft.....	10 00
5 to 5½ ft.....	13 50
5½ to 6 ft.....	15 00

Larger sizes on application.



Azaleas

Happily situated by being planted in full sunshine but protected from winter winds, Azaleas produce brilliant blossoms of many colors. They want an acid soil, and during blooming time require an abundance of moisture. Some of our native types grow into fairly large bushes, but most Azaleas seldom attain a height of more than 3 or 4 feet.

All Azaleas B&B (Balled and Burlapped)

Azalea arborescens. Sweet Azalea.

Fragrant white or blush-pink flowers, desirable on account of late bloom. Flowers in June.

A. calendulacea. Flame Azalea.

Probably the most brilliant of our native shrubs. Flowers in late May, orange to scarlet in color.

A. nudiflora. Pinxterbloom.

A native pink, blooming in mid-May.

A. rosea.

Deep pink in early June. Fragrant.

A. viscosa. Swamp Azalea.

Fragrant, white, pink-tinged flowers in late June.

Prices of above Azaleas:	Each
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$3 50
2 to 3 ft.....	4 50

**A. hinodegiri.*

Single brilliant carmine-pink flowers. Nearly evergreen.

12 to 15 in.....	4 00
18 to 21 in.....	7 50
24 to 28 in.....	12 50

**Azalea Hinodegiri* guaranteed or first growing season only.

A. kaempferi fedora. Hybrid Torch Azalea.

Brilliant red flowers in May.

15 to 18 in.....	5 00
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A. ledifolia alba.

Pure white flowers in May. Semi-evergreen.

15 to 18 in.....	6 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	7 50

A. macronulata. Dahurian Azalea

Lavender-pink flowers in April.

1½ to 2 ft.....	5 00
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A. mollis. Chinese Azalea.

Varied orange color. Flowers in May.

12 to 15 in.....	5 00
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A. vaseyi. Pinkshell Azalea.

Beautiful shell-pink flowers in early May.

1½ to 2 ft.....	4 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	5 00

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

All B&B (Balled and Burlapped) except where otherwise noted

The importance of this class of plant material has long been recognized by many garden lovers. Since most are evergreen, they present an attractive appearance in both summer and winter. They are comparatively slow growers, are easy to keep in bounds, and grow more beautiful with age. All of these varieties grow best in a somewhat acid soil, lightened by plenty of leaf-mold or peat moss, and some require protected locations for best results. Certain varieties may be used with success in plantings in the shade.

ABELIA grandiflora. *Glossy Abelia.*

A dainty evergreen shrub bearing little bell-shaped pink flowers. Blooms throughout the summer until frost. Excellent for garden plantings. May be cut back every spring. Each

1½ to 2 ft..... \$2 50
2 to 3 ft..... 3 50

AZALEA. See page 27.

BUXUS sempervirens arborescens. *Boxwood.*

Hardest type of Boxwood. Dark green color, compact in growth, adaptable for use as edging, specimens and in topiary work.

6 to 8 in..... \$75.00 per c... 90
15 x 15 in..... 4 00

ILEX crenata. *Japanese Holly.*

Dense-growing, upright plant with dark green, box-like leaf. Small black fruit. Blends well in any evergreen planting; also used as a specimen.

1½ to 2 ft..... 5 00
2 to 2½ ft..... 7 00
2½ to 3 ft..... 9 00

I. crenata bullata. *Boxleaf Japanese Holly.

A hardy, compact, dwarf border plant. Shiny black fruit. A fine substitute for boxwood.

12 to 15 in..... 3 50
15 to 18 in..... 5 00
1½ to 2 ft..... 7 50

**Ilex crenata bullata guaranteed for first growing season only.*

I. glabra. *Inkberry.*

A native shrub with deep green leaves and black berries, used to advantage in evergreen gardens, along stream and pool or edging woodland.

1½ to 2 ft..... 4 00
2 to 2½ ft..... 6 00

I. opaca. *American Holly.

Better known as Christmas Holly. Becoming more and more a favorite. Its shiny leaves and red berries make it a desirable plant for use as a specimen, in mass planting, or for hedges. Will stand pruning.

5 to 6 ft., specimen..... 20 00
6 to 7 ft., specimen..... 25 00
7 to 8 ft., heavy specimen..... 30 00
8 to 9 ft., heavy specimen..... 40 00
9 to 10 ft., heavy specimen..... 50 00

Berrying plants (Female), 50 per cent extra.

**Ilex opaca guaranteed for first growing season only.*

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

KALMIA latifolia. *Mountain Laurel.*

This, our Connecticut State Plant, is probably the most valuable and beautiful of all our broadleaf evergreens. Produces great masses of pink flowers in June. Can be used for mass plantings, border work, and as a specimen; in fact, it adds beauty anywhere.

	Each
15 to 18 in.....	\$2 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	3 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	4 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	5 00
3 to 3½ ft.....	6 00

Larger sizes on application.

LEUCOTHOE catesbaei. *Drooping Leucothoe.*

A low-growing evergreen plant with arching branches. Rich green leaves turning to bronze in the fall. Showy, fragrant, creamy white flowers in May. Excellent when used in border combinations with laurel and rhododendron.

1½ to 2 ft.....	3 50
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PIERIS (Andromeda) floribunda. *Mountain Andromeda.*

A very hardy evergreen shrub which blooms early in spring, producing an abundance of upright white flower-spikes. Used for border work in mass plantings.

12 to 18 in.....	3 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	5 00

P. japonica. *Japanese Andromeda.*

Truly one of the finest broadleaves with graceful, pendulous sprays of white flowers in early spring, followed by striking wine-colored new growth. Excellent for rockeries, specimens, or bordering taller growing species.

12 to 15 in.....	3 50
15 to 18 in.....	4 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	5 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	7 50

We suggest using our Special Formula fertilizer when planting Hardy Evergreen Shrubs. See page 48.



Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel)

Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

*PYRACANTHA *coccinea lalandi*. *Laland Firethorn*.

A shrubby Thorn with white flower clusters, known best for its orange-red fruit that appears in late summer. Each	
15 to 18-in., pot-grown.....	\$3 75
1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	4 50

*Pyracantha guaranteed for first growing season only.

Rhododendrons

Rhododendrons are easy to grow. Planted in properly prepared soil, they will give satisfaction. There are many types to choose from, ranging from dwarf to tall-growing varieties. For best effects, group plantings are suggested. Good care is necessary. They must have an acid soil and a mulch of oak leaves or lawn clippings. Liberal watering during dry periods is essential.

Rhododendron carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron.

Small-leaved variety with pink flowers. Semi-dwarf. Blooms in June.	Each
12 to 18 in.....	\$5 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	6 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	8 50

R. catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron.

Parent of many hybrids. Blooms in May and June. Rosy purple flowers.

1½ to 2 ft.....	5 00
2 to 3 ft.....	6 50
3 to 4 ft.....	9 00
4 to 5 ft.....	12 50

R. maximum. Rosebay Rhododendron.

A good plant for shady places. The large leaves are of greater landscape value than the pale pink flowers. Blooms in late June. Prefers acid soil. Good for mass plantings.

1½ to 2 ft.....	5 00
2 to 3 ft.....	6 00
3 to 4 ft.....	8 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen.....	12 50
5 to 6 ft., specimen.....	15 00
6 to 7 ft., specimen.....	20 00

Special prices on larger quantities.

Pieris japonica (Andromeda)





Abelia grandiflora

Flowering Shrubs

Included among the Flowering Shrubs are those old favorites well known to all, as well as some worthy new varieties. We offer shrubs in two grades, a regular or standard grade and our specimen grade.

Our standard shrubs are good, sturdy, well-grown plants that will thrive and grow rapidly into fine bushes.

The specimen shrubs are larger, well-developed plants that have been spaced and pruned in the nursery, and when used in plantings, give an immediate landscape effect.

**All Flowering Shrubs are bare root except where
marked B&B (Balled and Burlapped)**

ABELIA grandiflora. *Glossy Abelia.*

A dainty evergreen shrub bearing little bell-shaped pink flowers. Blooms throughout the summer until frost. Excellent for garden plantings. May be cut back every spring.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	\$2 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	3 50

AMELANCHIER canadensis. *Downy Shadbush.*

Native plant bearing white flowers in early spring. Fruit relished by birds. Grows well in wooded and wet sections.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 25
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ARONIA arbutifolia. *Red Chokeberry.*

White flowers tinged with red in early spring. Outstanding red fruit in fall.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 25
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AZALEA. See page 27.

Flowering Shrubs

BENZOIN æstivale (Lindera Benzoin) *Spice-bush.*

Clusters of yellow flowers in April. Red berries in September, relished by birds. Good for moist ground. Each
2 to 3 ft..... \$1 00
2 to 3 ft., specimen, B&B..... 2 00

BERBERIS thunbergi. *Japanese Barberry.*

Small green leaves. Red berries in fall, which stay nearly all winter. Used extensively for hedging and ground-cover for rough banks.

1½ to 2 ft..... \$50 per 100 60

B. thunbergi atropurpurea. *Redleaf Japanese Barberry.*

Similar to Thunbergi in habit. Foliage bright red in spring, reddish purple in summer and scarlet in fall

1½ to 2 ft..... \$60 per 100.. 75

BUDDLEIA, Charming. *Pink Butterfly-bush.*

Large spikes of pink flowers. Blooms all summer.

3 yr..... 1 00

B. Dubonnet. *Hybrid Butterfly-bush.*

Improved variety. Blooms all summer. Dark wine-red flowers. Attracts butterflies.

3 yr..... 1 00

B., Ile de France. *Hybrid Butterfly-bush.*

Clear rosy purple, fragrant flowers during summer.

3-yr..... 1 00

CALYCANTHUS floridus. *Sweet-Shrub.*

Sweet-scented brown bud-like flowers in June. Good for mass plantings. Old-fashioned Strawberry Shrub.

2 to 3 ft..... 1 25

2 to 3 ft., B&B..... 2 00

CLETHRA alnifolia. *Sweet Pepperbush.*

Fragrant white flowers during June and July. Thrives in damp ground as well as upland.

1½ to 2 ft..... 1 25



Shrub Planting

Flowering Shrubs

CORNUS alba sibirica. *Coral Dogwood.*

Coral bark gives striking effect in winter.	Each
3 to 4 ft., specimen.....	\$1 25
4 to 5 ft., specimen.....	1 50

C. amomum. *Silky Dogwood.*

Light red bark. Porcelain-blue berries in the fall.	
4 to 5 ft., specimen.....	1 25

C. mascula. *Cornelian-Cherry.*

Gray bark and shiny green foliage. Yellow flowers.	
Cherry-like scarlet fruit in fall.	
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00
5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	6 00

C. stolonifera flaviramea. *Golden-twig Dogwood.*

Bright yellow bark in winter. Blends well with Red-barked Dogwood.	
2 to 3 ft.....	1 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen.....	1 50

Cotoneaster

This introduction from China is a valuable contribution to the family of flowering shrubs. Graceful habit and beauty of leaf and fruit make it an ideal plant for house foundations, entrances, hedges, or ground-cover plantings.

Cotoneaster divaricata. *Upright Spreading Cotoneaster.*

Small green leaves. Brilliant red berries in autumn.	Each
2 to 2½ ft., B&B.....	\$3 00
2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	5 00

C. francheti. *Franchet Cotoneaster.*

Olive-green leaves and bright red berries. A graceful, fast grower.	
1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	2 50

C. horizontalis. *Rock Cotoneaster.*

A dwarf, trailing variety, nearly evergreen, with brilliant red berries.	
10 to 12 in., pot-grown.....	2 50
12 to 15 in., pot-grown.....	3 50

C. microphylla. *Rockspray Cotoneaster.*

A trailing variety, faster growing than Horizontalis. Showy in flower and fruit.	
12 to 15 in., pot-grown.....	2 50

CYDONIA japonica. *Japanese Flowering Quince.*

Brilliant red flowers in early May.

15 to 18 in., B&B.....	2 00
1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	3 00

DEUTZIA gracilis. *Slender Deutzia.*

A dwarf Deutzia, with snowy white flowers. Valuable in border planting. Blooms in May.	
12 to 15 in.....	1 75

D. gracilis rosea. *Pink Slender Deutzia.*

Numerous small pink flowers. Fine shrub where a low-growing plant is required. Blooms in May.	
1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	2 25
2 to 2½ ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

D. lemoinei. *Lemoine Deutzia.*

Upright, spreading, semi-dwarf habit. White flowers, borne in clusters. Blooms in May.	
2 to 2½ ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

Flowering Shrubs

Deutzia scabra, *Pride of Rochester*.

Probably the best known of all Deutzias. Grows tall.	
White to pale pink flowers in May.	Each
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1 25
4 to 5 ft.....	3 00

ENKIANTHUS campanulatus. *Redvein Enkianthus*.

An erect-growing shrub with pale yellow flowers, tinged with pink in May. Its leaves turn a beautiful scarlet color in the fall.

1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	5 00
5 to 6 ft., heavy specimen, B&B.....	12 50

EUONYMUS alatus. *Winged or Corky-barked Euonymus*.

A corky-barked tree with startling crimson foliage in the fall. Good plant for exposed places.

1½ to 2 ft.....	2 00
-----------------	------

E. alatus compactus. *Dwarf Winged Euonymus*.

Same habit as Alatus, but in the dwarf form. Good for low hedges and foreground planting.

1½ to 2 ft.....	2 50
-----------------	------

E. europaeus. *European Burning-bush*.

A tall-growing Euonymus. Turns brilliant crimson in the fall. Light pink fruits hang on after leaves fall.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	2 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	3 50

FORSYTHIA intermedia spectabilis. *Showy Border Forsythia*.

This showy Forsythia is a little darker yellow than other varieties. One of the best April bloomers.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	2 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 00
5 to 6 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00
6 to 7 ft., specimen, B&B.....	5 00

F. suspensa. *Weeping Golden-Bells*.

Blooms in late April and early May. Excellent for sprawling over walls or steep banks.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	3 00

F. suspensa fortunei. *Fortune's Golden-Bells*.

Blooms in late April and early May. Has especially attractive yellow branches.

4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 00
5 to 6 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00

HALESIA tetraptera. *Silver-Bell*.

Pure white, dangling, bell-shaped flowers in May, followed by brown winged seeds.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	5 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 50

HAMAMELIS mollis. *Chinese Witch-Hazel*.

Golden yellow flowers in February, borne in good-sized clusters on the ends of stubby branchlets.

4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	8 00
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H. virginiana. *Witch-Hazel*.

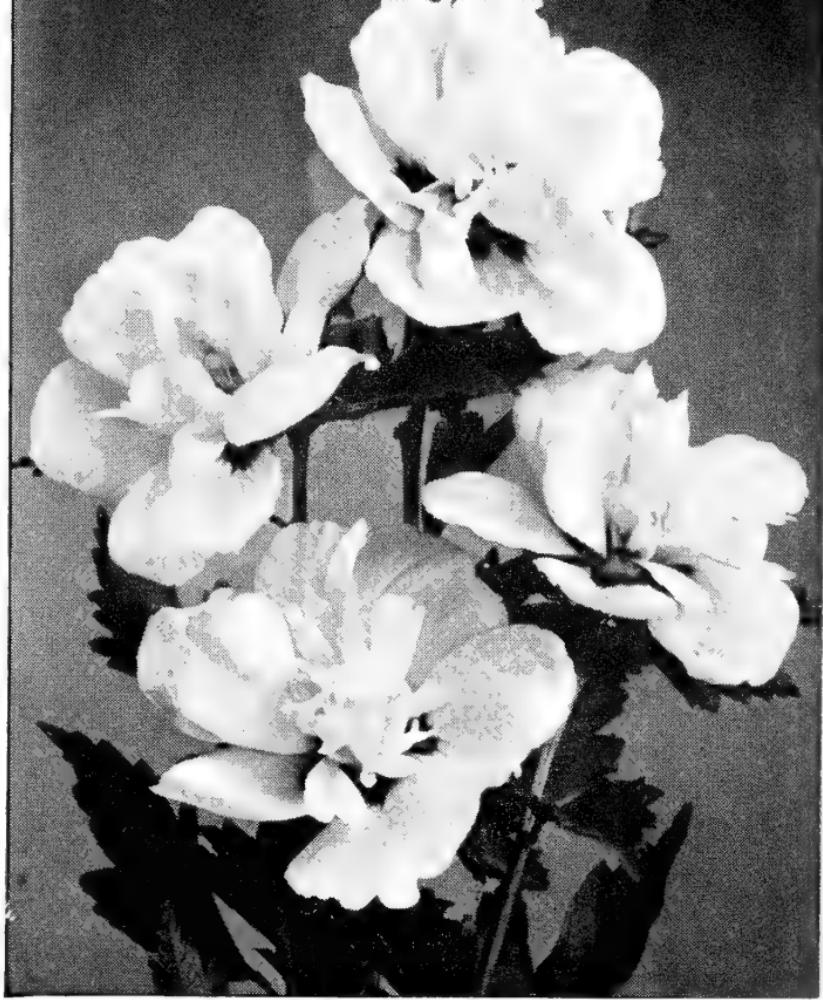
Lemon-color flowers, blooming in late autumn after leaves fall.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	2 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00
5 to 6 ft., specimen, B&B.....	5 00

HYPERICUM aureum. *Golden St. Johns-wort*.

A dwarf, compact-growing shrub. Blue-green foliage followed by yellow flowers in July and August, later adorned with numerous seed-pods.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 25
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Double Hibiscus

Flowering Shrubs

Hibiscus syriacus • Althea; Rose-of-Sharon

The Hibiscus, often known as Althea or Rose-of-Sharon, blooms from July to September, when so few of our shrubs are in flower. They grow as high as 8 to 12 feet and may be procured in various colors, some being double.

Hibiscus syriacus anemonæflorus. Double; pink. 3 to 4 ft	Each \$1 50
H. syriacus cœlestis. Single blue hybrid. 1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
H. syriacus, Jeanne d'Arc. Double; white. 3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
H. syriacus, Lady Stanley. Double; blush-pink. 3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
H. syriacus rubis. Single red hybrid. 3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
H. syriacus totus albus. Single; white. 3 to 4 ft.....	1 50

HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora. *Hills-of-Snow Hydrangea.*

Bears large heads of white flowers in June. Light green foliage.

1½ to 2 ft..... 1 00

H. paniculata grandiflora. *Peegee Hydrangea.* Bush form.

Blooms on new growth, August to frost. White, gradually turning to pink. Must be trimmed back severely each year.

1½ to 2 ft..... 1 00

1½ to 2 ft., B&B..... 2 00

2 to 3 ft..... 1 50

Flowering Shrubs

ILEX verticillata. *Black-Alder; Winterberry.*

Native shrub. Bright red berries in late fall, lasting well into the winter. Good Christmas decorations. Each	
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	2 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50
Berrying plants (Female), 20 per cent extra.	

I. verticillata polycarpa. *Hybrid Black-Alder; Winterberry.*

A selected variety, propagated by grafting. Very heavily berried.	
3 to 4 ft. (Berrying plants only), B&B.....	3 50
4 to 5 ft. (Berrying plants only), B&B.....	4 50

KOLKWITZIA amabilis. *Beauty-Bush.*

Branches arching to ground with beautiful dainty pink
blooms in June. Truly one of the best flowering shrubs.
Good for flower arrangements.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 50
2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	2 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 00

LIGUSTRUM ibolium. *Ibolium Privet.*

Rapid growing. Bears black fruit in fall. Very hardy.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$25 per 100..	35
3 to 4 ft.....	\$30 per 100	40

L. ibota regelianum. *Regel's Privet.*

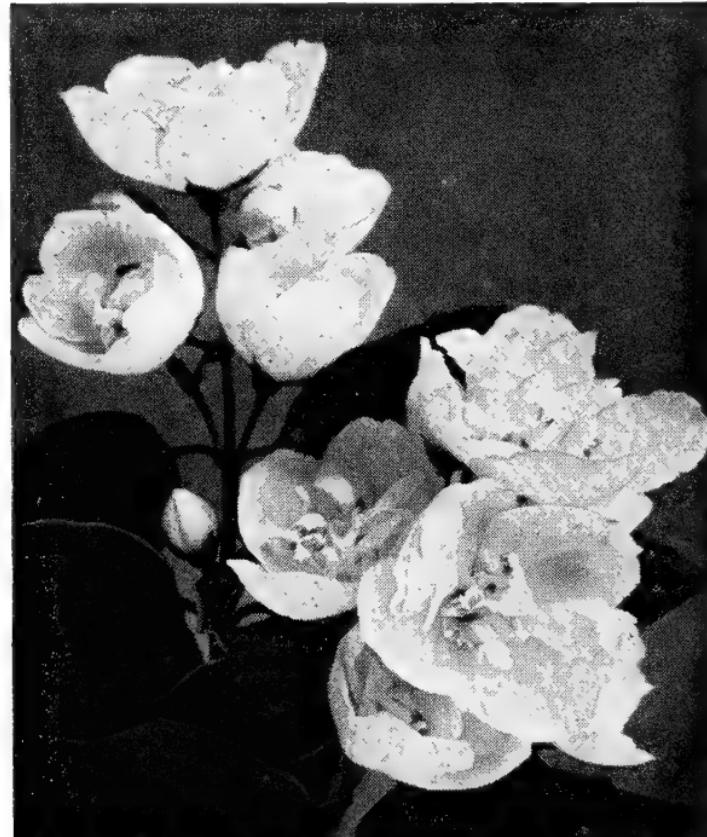
Fine for shady spots. A spreading, irregular, dense-
growing Privet. Bears black fruit in fall. Excellent for
massing or for hedges.

1½ to 2 ft.....	75
5 to 6-ft. spread, 3 to 3½ ft. high, specimen, B&B.	7 50
6 to 7-ft. spread, 3 to 4½ ft. high, specimen, B&B.	10 00

LONICERA fragrantissima. *Winter Honeysuckle.*

So named because its foliage clings after heavy frosts.
Blooms in early April, with creamy white flowers similar in
odor to those of honeysuckle vine. Bears red fruit in sum-
mer.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	2 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50



Philadelphus Virginale

Flowering Shrubs

Lonicera morrowi. *Morrow's Bush Honeysuckle.*

A native of the Orient. Broad, spreading habit. Bears small white flowers tinged with yellow, followed by bright red fruit. Each

3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	\$2 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

L. tatarica rosea. *Pink Tatarian Honeysuckle.*

A tall-growing shrub with pink flowers. Covered with scarlet fruit in late summer. Does well in the shade.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 00

PHILADELPHUS coronarius. *Sweet Mock-Orange.*

The old-fashioned Sweet Syringa or Mock-Orange. This is an old favorite with snow-white flowers in May and June.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
5 to 6 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

P. lemoinei. *Lemoine Mock-Orange.*

A dwarf-growing shrub with sweet-scented, pure white flowers. Good for border plantings.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
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P. virginalis. *Double-flowering Mock-Orange.*

A double-flowering variety fast becoming a favorite, with its fragrant, gardenia-like flowers.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	2 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	3 50

PRUNUS glandulosa alba-plena. *White Double-flowering Almond.*

A dwarf-growing shrub adorned with numerous flowers along its many stems.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
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P. glandulosa rosea-plena. *Pink Double-flowering Almond.*

Similar to White Almond but superior because of its pleasing color.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
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P. triloba plena. *Pink Double-flowering Plum.*

A large-growing form of Prunus. Flowers similar to Pink Almond. More tree-like form.

3 to 4 ft.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	5 00

RHODOTYPOS kerrioides. *Jetbead.*

A handsome shrub bearing dainty white flowers in May and June, followed by jet-black seed borne in clusters and hanging on all winter.

3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	2 50
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ROSA hugonis. *Father Hugo's Rose.* Shrub Rose.

Blooms profusely, with yellow flowers in early May. Fern-like foliage. A splendid hardy shrub Rose for the garden.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 00
3 to 3½ ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 00
3½ to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

R. rugosa. *Rugosa Rose.* Shrub Rose.

Large pink or red flowers from June to September. Use in borders or hedges.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 00
1½ to 2 ft., pot-grown.....	1 50

SALIX caprea. *Pussy Willow.*

A shrubby small tree. Buds open soft, fuzzy gray.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 00
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Spiraea vanhouttei

Flowering Shrubs

SPIRÆA bumalda, Anthony Waterer. *Crimson Everblooming Spirea*.

Flat, rose-pink flowers during hottest days of summer and lasting until early fall. Dwarf grower. Each

1½ to 2 ft.	\$1 00
1½ to 2 ft., specimen, B&B	2 50

S. prunifolia. True Bridal Wreath.

Small, pure white, double, bud-like flowers in early May. Upright grower.

2 to 3 ft.	1 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	3 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B	4 00

S. thunbergi. Thunberg's Spirea.

Arching branches covered with tiny, single, snow-white flowers in very early spring. The feathery green foliage turns orange and scarlet in autumn.

2 to 3 ft.	1 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	2 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	3 50

S. vanhouttei. Vanhoutte Spirea.

Commonly called Bridal Wreath. Showy, arching sprays of clustering white flowers in late May. An aristocrat of flowering shrubs.

2 to 3 ft., B&B	2 00
3 to 4 ft.	1 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	2 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B	3 50

STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. Cutleaf Stephanandra.

Compact grower. Has reddish purple foliage in autumn.

2 to 3 ft.	1 00
2 to 3 ft., specimen, B&B	2 50

SYMPLOCOS paniculata. Asiatic Sweetleaf.

White flowers in spring. Heavily laden with turquoise-blue berries in early autumn.

1½ to 2 ft., B&B	2 00
2 to 2½ ft., B&B	3 00

Flowering Shrubs

SYMPHORICARPOS chenaulti. *Chenault Coralberry.*

A hybrid, similar to <i>Vulgaris</i> , originating at the Arnold Arboretum.	Each
2½ to 3 ft. specimen, B&B	\$2 00
3 to 3½ ft., specimen, B&B	2 50

S. racemosus. *Snowberry.*

Known for its large white berries in September, which weigh down the slender branches. Fruit clings until frost.	
Very hardy. Suitable for most soil conditions. Stands shade.	
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	2 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B	3 00

S. vulgaris. *Coralberry.*

Bears small coral fruit which clings from fall till early spring. Very hardy.	
2 to 3 ft., specimen, B&B	2 00

SYRINGA. *Lilac.* See pages 42 and 43.

TAMARIX africana. *African Tamarix.*

Pink flowers in May. Feathery gray-green foliage. Very effective near water; thrives at seashore.	
4 to 5 ft., B&B	2 50

VACCINIUM corymbosum. *Highbush Blueberry.*

This native shrub has pink flowers followed by edible blue-black berries. Its leaves turn brilliant red in the fall. Does well in acid soil and needs plenty of moisture.	
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	4 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B	5 00

Viburnum • Snowball

Viburnum americanum. *American Cranberry.*

A handsome shrub bearing large clusters of berries which start turning a deep red about the first of August and hang on all winter.	
1½ to 2 ft.	\$1 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	2 00

V. Burkwoodi. *Gardenia-scented Snowball.*

Semi-dwarf; blooms in May. Flowers are pink and white, very fragrant. Good foliage, lasting until late fall.	
2½ to 3 ft., specimen, B&B	6 00
3 to 3½ ft., specimen, B&B	7 50

V. carlesi. *Fragrant Viburnum.*

This beautiful semi-dwarf shrub starts blooming in May. Flowers are soft pink and very fragrant. Good in garden and border plantings.	
15 to 18 in., B&B	5 00

V. dentatum. *Arrow-wood.*

A tall-growing type flowering in May and June. Bears blue-black berries in profusion. Its leaves turn purple and red. Withstands shade; also wet places.	
2 to 3 ft.	1 00
6 to 7 ft., heavy specimen, B&B	7 50
7 to 8 ft., heavy specimen, B&B	8 50
8 to 9 ft., heavy specimen, B&B	10 00

V. dilatatum. *Linden Viburnum.*

A Chinese variety with white flowers in May and June. Its leaves turn a bright autumn red and its small scarlet berries hang on all winter. One of the best Viburnums.	
2 to 3 ft., specimen, B&B	4 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B	5 00

Flowering Shrubs

Viburnum lentago. Nanny-berry.

A tree-like shrub, rather slender in growth. White flowers in May. Leaves turn reddish in fall. Has large blue-black fruit. Grows well in damp places.

Each

1½ to 2 ft.	\$1 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.	3 50
5 to 6 ft., specimen, B&B.	5 00

V. opulus. Highbush Cranberry.

The European Cranberry. A very good bush bearing quantities of large clusters of glossy red berries. Good foliage.

2 to 3 ft.	1 00
3 to 3½ ft., specimen, B&B.	2 50

V. prunifolium. Black-Haw.

A slow-growing, round-headed shrub, bearing pure white flowers followed by pink fruit turning to blue-black.

1½ to 2 ft., B&B.	2 00
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V. sieboldi. Siebold Viburnum.

Rapid growing. Large, dark green leaves. Creamy white flowers, followed by fruit which starts green, turning to pink and then black. Striking in appearance.

2 to 3 ft., B&B.	3 00
3 to 3½ ft., specimen, B&B.	5 00

Viburnum Burkwoodi



Flowering Shrubs

Viburnum tomentosum. Single Japanese Snowball.

This superb shrub has a tree-like habit of growth, producing its spreading branches in layers. In June, these horizontal limbs are covered with wheel-like clusters of dazzling white flowers.

	Each
2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	\$3 00
3 to 3½ ft., B&B.....	3 50

V. tomentosum plicatum. Double Japanese Snowball.

These shrubs produce snowball-like flowers in May.

3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	3 50
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	5 00

VITEX macrophylla. Large-leaved Lilac Chaste Tree.

Lavender flowers in September. A perennial shrub.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 50
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WEIGELA candida. White Weigela.

Cream-white flowers in early June. Rapid grower.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
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W., Eva Rathke. Red-flowering Weigela.

Dwarf-growing plant; dark red flowers.

2½ to 3 ft., B&B.....	3 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

W. floribunda. Crimson Weigela.

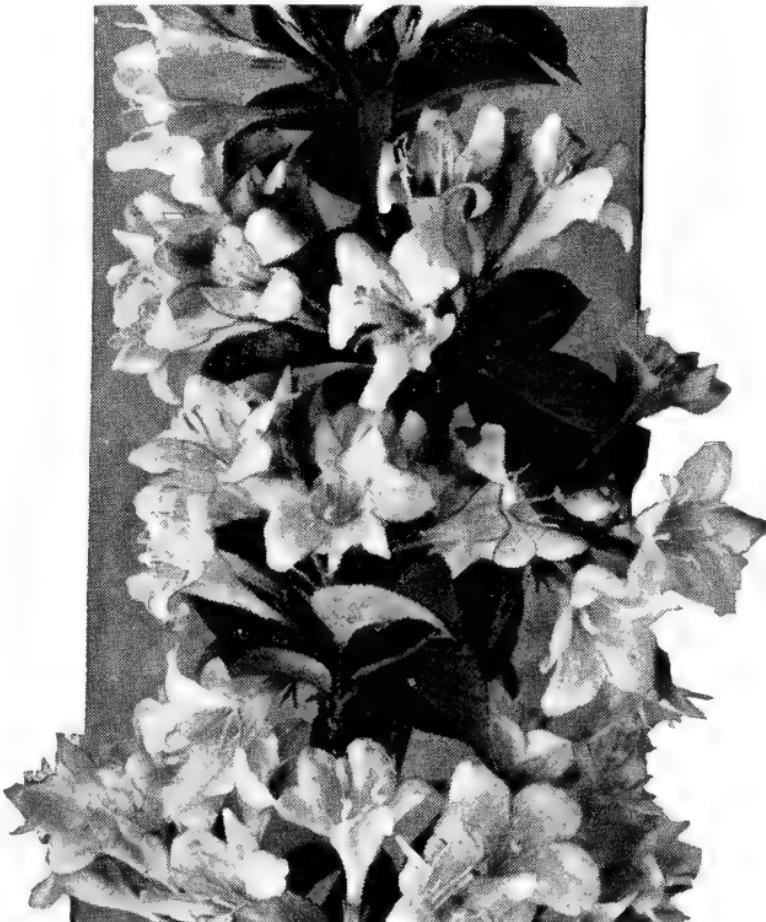
Large-growing, profuse bloomer in early June.

3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50

W. rosea. Pink and White Weigela.

Good color and dwarf growth give this plant an advantage.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 00
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	3 00



Weigela rosea



Syringa (Hybrid Lilacs)

Flowering Shrubs

Weigela vanhouttei. *Red Weigela.*

Flowers similar to Eva Rathke, but grows much larger.

	Each
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	\$5 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00

Syringa • Lilac

Spring is at its height when the Lilacs are in flower. Of the many flowering shrubs, the Lilac is surely the most reliable, lasts longer, and annually bears the handsomest flowers.

Lilacs want a sweet soil and bloom best when in full sunshine. The Hybrid varieties are popular. They are also known as French Lilacs. Their colors include pure white, shades of blue, and red, in large, single or double flower heads.

OLD-FASHIONED LILACS

Syringa villosa. Late Lilac.

	Each
Single. Lavender-pink. 3 to 4 ft.....	\$2 00

S. vulgaris. Common Purple Lilac.

	Each
Single. Purple.	
2 to 3 ft., specimen, B&B.....	2 50
3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	5 00
5 to 6 ft., specimen, B&B.....	7 50

S. vulgaris alba. Common White Lilac.

	Each
Single. White.	
2 to 2½ ft., specimen, B&B.....	2 50
2½ to 3 ft., specimen, B&B.....	3 50
3 to 3½ ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00

Flowering Shrubs

Syringa · Hybrid Lilacs

All Hybrid Lilacs B&B (Balled and Burlapped)

Price chart listed below varieties

Alphonse Lavalle.	Double. Deep lilac-blue.....	B, C, D
Charles Joly.	Double. Light red-purple.....	A, B
Charles X.	Single. Reddish purple.....	A, B
Congo.	Single. Dark red.....	B, C, D, E
De Mirabel.	Single. Dark violet.....	A, B
Diderot.	Single. Claret-violet	A, B, C
Hugo Koster.	Single. Blue.....	B, C
Jan Van Tol.	Single. Large; pure white.....	C, D, E
Jean Mace.	Double. Bluish mauve.....	B, C, D
Katharine Havemeyer.	Double. Cobalt-blue.....	C, D
Ludwig Spaeth.	Single. Dark red. See below.	
Marie Legraye.	Single. White.....	B, C
Michel Buchner.	Double. Blue.....	B, C, D, E
Mme. Casimir Perier.	Double. White.....	A, B
Mme. F. Morel.	Single. Deep pink.....	C, D, E
Mme. Lemoine.	Double. White.....	B, C
Mont Blanc.	Single. White.....	B, C, D
Pres. Grevy.	Double. Blue.....	B, C, D
Pres. Lincoln.	Single. Bluish violet.....	B, C
Pres. Poincare.	Double. Clear red-purple.....	B, C, D
Reaumur.	Single. Violet-carmine.....	A, B, C
Rubra de Marley.	Single. Pale red.....	D, E, F
Wm. Robinson.	Double. Violet-pink.....	B, C, D, E

Price chart for Hybrid Lilacs.

Letter	Size	Each
A	1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	\$2 50
B	2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	3 50
C	3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	5 00
D	4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	7 00
E	5 to 6 ft., B&B.....	8 00
F	6 to 7 ft., B&B.....	10 00

Ludwig Spaeth. Single. Dark red.

1½ to 2 ft., B&B.....	3 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B.....	4 50
3 to 4 ft., B&B.....	6 00
4 to 5 ft., B&B.....	8 00

Hardy Vines

ACTINIDIA arguta. Bower Actinidia.

Good vine for trellises, walls, and tree trunks. White flowers followed by clusters of greenish fruits. Each
2-yr., pot-grown..... \$2 00

AKEBIA quinata. Five-leaf Akebia.

A dainty vine with curious purple flowers borne in May.
It is almost an evergreen.
2-yr., pot-grown..... 2 00

AMPELOPSIS heterophylla. Porcelain-Vine.

So named on account of its turquoise-blue berries. Its leaves, somewhat grape-like in form, turn a fine autumn shade.
3-yr., pot-grown..... 1 50

A. quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper; Woodbine.

Hardy, fast growing. Often called Five-leaf Ivy. Its foliage turns crimson in the fall. Clings to walls and trees.
3-yr., pot-grown..... 1 50

Hardy Vines

Ampelopsis tricuspidata lowii. Geranium Creeper.

A dwarf type of Boston Ivy. Clings to smooth surfaces. Colors in the fall like Boston Ivy.	Each
3-yr., pot-grown.....	\$1 50

A. tricuspidata veitchii. Japanese or Boston Ivy.

This Ampelopsis will cling to stone and wood. It is a dense grower. Its leaves turn a brilliant color in fall.	
3-yr., pot-grown.....	1 50

ARISTOLOCHIA sipho. Dutchmans-Pipe.

A fast-growing, broad-leaved vine with purple pipe-shaped flowers in July.	
3-yr., pot-grown.....	2 50

BIGNONIA, Mme. Galen. Hybrid Trumpet-Creeper.

Large orange-scarlet flowers in August and September.	
2-yr., field-grown.....	1 50
2-yr., pot-grown.....	2 50

CELASTRUS scandens. Bittersweet.

The native Bittersweet. Drooping clusters of orange and scarlet berries which are showy after the leaves fall. Good for covering stone walls or barren landscape; also used for house decorations.	
2-yr., pot-grown.....	1 00

CLEMATIS paniculata. Small White-flowered Clematis.

Light green foliage and fragrant, star-like, white flowers in great profusion in August and September. Excellent for trellises and arbors.	
2-yr., field-grown.....	1 00
2-yr., pot-grown.....	1 50

EUONYMUS radicans. Winter-Creeper.

Self-clinging. Its small pointed leaves make a dense covering for almost any type of wall. Very hardy. Evergreen.	
2-yr., field-grown.....	1 00
2-yr., pot-grown.....	1 50

E. radicans vegetus. Big-leaf Winter-Creeper.

Called Evergreen Bittersweet. Round leaves of dull green color. Does well in any position. A self-clinging vine with fine orange-colored fruit. Evergreen.	
3-yr., field-grown.....	1 50
3-yr., pot-grown.....	2 50

**HEDERA helix. English Ivy.*

Happily located, this is a very desirable vine. Has good dark green foliage and is long lived.	
2-yr., pot-grown.....	50
3-yr., pot-grown, extra heavy.....	1 00

**Hedera helix* guaranteed for first growing season only.

H. helix baltica. Hardy English Ivy.

Very much like English Ivy, only smaller leaved. Very hardy. Clings tightly. Should be better known.	
2-yr., pot-grown.....	65
3-yr., pot-grown, extra heavy.....	1 50

LONICERA japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.

Almost evergreen. Flowers yellow and white; very fragrant. Used as a ground-cover. An old favorite on trellises.	
2-yr., field-grown.....	\$40 per 100..

60

POLYGONUM auberti. Silver Lace-Vine.

Flowers are fleecy white. Will grow in any location.	
2-yr., field-grown.....	1 00
3-yr., pot-grown.....	2 00



Wisteria sinensis

Hardy Vines Wisteria

A very strong grower. It has attractive pale green foliage and, early in summer, a great profusion of flowers in long, pendulous clusters. Our plants were grafted from selected, large-flowering vines and are **guaranteed** to bloom.

Wisteria sinensis. Blue Wisteria. Each
6 to 7 ft., staked vines, tub-grown B&B..... \$7.50

W. sinensis alba. White Wisteria.
6 to 7 ft., staked vines, tub-grown. B&B..... 7.50

W. sinensis superba. Hybrid Blue Wisteria.
6 to 7 ft., staked vines, tub-grown. B&B..... 7.50

*Climbing Roses

American Beauty. Double; crimson	.....	A
American Pillar. Single; dark pink	.....	B
Dr. W. Van Fleet. Double; pale pink	.....	A
Mary Wallace. Double; bright pink	.....	B
Paul's Scarlet. Double; scarlet flowers	.....	A, B
Primrose. Double; yellow	.....	A, B
Silver Moon. Nearly single. Creamy flowers	.....	B

*Climbing Roses guaranteed for first growing season only.

Letter	Size	Each
A	2-yr. plants	\$1.50
B	2-yr. plants, pot-grown	2.00

Ground-Cover Plants

*HEDERA helix. English Ivy.

Happily located, this is a very desirable vine. Has good dark green foliage and is long lived. Each

2-yr., pot-grown.....	\$40 per 100..	\$0 50
3-yr., pot-grown, extra heavy.....	\$75 per 100..	1 00

* *Hedera helix* guaranteed for first growing season only.

H. helix baltica. Hardy English Ivy.

Very much like English Ivy, only smaller leaved. Very hardy. Clings tightly. Should be better known.

2-yr., pot-grown.....	\$50 per 100..	65
3-yr., pot-grown, extra heavy.....	\$90 per 100..	1 50

LONICERA japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.

Almost evergreen. Flowers yellow and white; very fragrant. Used as a ground cover.

2-yr., field-grown.....	\$40 per 100..	60
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PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge.

Used extensively as a ground cover. It is also used to border laurel and rhododendron plantings. Good to plant under trees where grass will not grow.

2-yr., pot-grown.....	\$25 per 100..	40
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VINCA minor. Myrtle; Periwinkle.

Does well in shady places; also used as a ground cover and rockery plant. Dark shiny leaves and blue blossoms. Does not grow well under maple trees where ground is bare.

2-yr., pot-grown.....	\$25 per 100..	40
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V. minor, Bowles Variety. Hybrid Myrtle.

A good everblooming variety. It is a fine ground cover or border plant. Blue flowers.

2-yr., pot-grown.....	\$35 per 100..	50
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Fruit Department

Apples, Standard

SUMMER VARIETIES

	Size
Red Astrachan. Flesh, tinged with red.....	A, C, D, E, F, G

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Cortland. Dark red.....	B, C, D, E, F
Early McIntosh. Red; juicy. Early.....	C, D, E, F, G
Gravenstein. Striped red. High flavor.....	A, F, G
McIntosh Red. Delicious; juicy.....	A, B, C, D, E, F, G
Wealthy. Dark red.....	A, C, D, E

WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin. Large; dark red.....	A, B, C, D, E, F, G
Delicious. Red; juicy.....	B, C, D, E, F
Northern Spy. Large; striped red.....	A, B, C, D, E, F
Red Delicious. Extra red; delicious.....	C, D, E, F
Rhode Island Greening. Large; greenish yellow.	A, D, E, F
Stayman's Winesap. Medium to large; dark red.....	A, C, D, E, F, G

Sizes and prices of the above Apples:

	Each
A 2-yr., $\frac{5}{8}$ -in. cal.....	\$2 00
B 3-yr., 1-in. cal.....	2 50
C 4-yr., 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ -in. cal.....	3 50
D 6-yr., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ -in. cal.....	7 50
E 7-yr., $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2-in. cal.....	10 00
F 7-yr., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.....	12 50
G 8-yr., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3-in. cal.....	15 00

Apples, Dwarf

A. 2-yr., $\frac{5}{8}$ -in. cal.....	4 00
B 4-yr., $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1-in. cal.....	6 00
Baldwin.....	A, B
Cortland.....	A
Delicious.....	A, B
McIntosh.....	A, B
Northern Spy.....	A



Hybrid Blueberries

Crab-Apples

5-yr., 1 to 1½-in. cal., \$5 each

Dolga. Crimson fruit. September.

Hyslop. Crimson fruit. October.

Transcendent. Yellow and red fruit. September.

Pears, Standard

Bartlett.	Yellow and red fruit. Early September.. A, B, C, D
Beurre Bosc.	Yellow-russeted. Early November.....A, B
Clapp's Favorite.	Yellow and crimson. September A, B, C, D
Duchess.	Very large, dull greenish yellow. October....C, D
Seckel.	Small, sweet, juicy, brown. September.....A
Sheldon.	Yellow and red fruit. October.....B

Sizes and prices of the above Pears:

Each

A	2-yr., 7/8-in. cal.....	\$2 00
B	3-yr., 7/8 to 1-in. cal.....	3 00
C	4-yr., 1 to 1¼-in. cal.....	5 00
D	4-yr., 1¼ to 1¾-in. cal.....	8 00

Pears, Dwarf

2-yr., 5/8-in. cal., \$4 each

Bartlett. Yellow and red fruit.

Clapp's Favorite. Yellow and crimson fruit.

Blueberries, Hybrid

Cabot. Early.

Rancocas. Early.

Concord. Midseason.

Rubel. Late.

Jersey. Late.

Sizes and prices of the above blueberries:

Each

3-yr., 1½ to 2 ft. high, bare root.....	\$1 25
3-yr., 1½ to 2 ft. high, B&B.....	1 75
4-yr., 2 to 2½ ft. high, B&B.....	2 25

For best results, plant at least three varieties.

Highbush Blueberries. *Vaccinium corymbosum*.

3 to 4 ft., specimen, B&B.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen, B&B.....	5 00

Grapes

2-yr., field-grown, 60 cts. each

Concord. Best black. September.

Concord Seedless. Black, seedless. Hardy.

Niagara. Fine white. Late September.

Worden. Large; blue. Late August.

Horticultural Supplies

FERTILIZERS

Formula 5-8-7. For trees, shrubs and lawns. Non-acid producing. 80-lb. bag \$4.25.

Special Formula. For acid-loving plants such as Dogwood Hemlock, Holly, Laurel, Rhododendrons, etc. 100-lb bag \$5.50.

GROUND LIMESTONE. Used to lighten the soil and to relieve an acid condition.

PEAT MOSS and HUMUS

Peat Moss and Humus are recommended for mulching and planting broadleaf evergreens and for general garden use.

Peat Moss. Handy bale, 30 x 18 x 14 in.....\$3 75

Humus. Prices on application.

MANURE. Prices on application.

TOP SOIL. Prices on application.

INDEX

	Page		Page
Abelia	28,31	Cercis	9
Acer	3	Chamaecyparis	18
Actinidia	43	Chaste-Tree	41
Æsculus	9	Cherry, Flowering	16,17
Akebia	43	Chokeberry	31
Alder, Black	36	Clematis	44
Almond, Flowering	37	Clethra	32
Althea	35	Coralberry	39
Amelanchier	31	Cornelian-Cherry	33
Ampelopsis	43,44	Cornus	10,11,33
Andromeda	29	Cotoneaster	33
Apples	46	Crab-Apple, Flowering	13-15
Arborvitæ	23,26	Crab-Apples	47
Aristolochia	44	Cranberry, Highbush	39,40
Aronia	31	Crataegus	11,12
Arrow-wood	39	Cydonia	33
Ash, Mountain	8	Cypress	18
Azaleas	27	Deutzia	33,34
Barberry	32	Dogwood	10,11,33
Beauty-Bush	36	Dutchman's-Pipe	44
Beech	5	Elm	9
Benzoin	32	Enkianthus	34
Berberis	32	Euonymus	34,44
Betula	4,5	Evergreens	18-23,26
Bignonia	44	Evergreen Shrubs	28-30
Birch	4,5	Fagus	5
Bittersweet	44	Fertilizers	48
Black-Haw	40	Fir	21
Blueberry	39,47	Firethorn, Laland	30
Boxwood	28	Forsythia	34
Bridal Wreath	38	Franklinia	12
Buddleia	32	Fruit Department	46,47
Burning-bush	34	Geranium Creeper	44
Butterfly-bush	32	Golden-Bells	34
Buxus	28	Golden-Chain	12
Calycanthus	32	Gordonia	12
Cedar	20		
Celastrus	44		

INDEX, continued

	Page		Page
Grapes.....	47	Polygonum.....	44
Ground-Cover Plants.....	46	Poplar.....	7
Gum Tree.....	5	Populus.....	7
Halesia.....	34	Porcelain-Vine.....	43
Hamamelis.....	34	Privet.....	36
Hawthorn.....	11,12	Prunus.....	16,17,37
Hedera.....	44,46	Pseudotsuga.....	21
Hemlock.....	26	Pussy Willow.....	37
Hibiscus.....	35	Pyracantha.....	30
Hills-of-Snow.....	35	Quercus.....	7
Holly.....	28	Quince, Flowering.....	33
Honeysuckle.....	36,37,44,46	Redbud.....	9
Horse-Chestnut.....	9	Retinospora.....	18
Horticultural Supplies.....	48	Rhododendron.....	30
Humus.....	48	Rhodotypos.....	37
Hydrangea.....	35	Rosa.....	37
Hypericum.....	34	Rose-of-Sharon.....	35
Ilex.....	28,36	Roses.....	37,45
Inkberry.....	28	Salix.....	8,37
Ivy.....	44,46	Shadbush, Downy.....	31
Jetbead.....	37	Shade Trees.....	3-9
Judas-Tree.....	9	Shrubs, Flowering.....	31-43
Juniper.....	19,20	Silver-Bell.....	34
Juniperus.....	19,20	Silver Lace-Vine.....	44
Kalmia.....	29	Snowball.....	39,41
Kolkwitzia.....	36	Snowberry.....	39
Laburnum.....	12	Sorbus.....	8
Laurel, Mountain.....	29	Sorrel-Tree.....	16
Leucothoe.....	29	Spice-bush.....	32
Ligustrum.....	36	Spiræa.....	38
Lilacs.....	42,43	Spurge.....	46
Limestone.....	48	Stephanandra.....	38
Linden.....	9	St. Johns-Wort, Golden.....	34
Liquidambar.....	5	Sweetleaf.....	38
Lonicera.....	36,37,44,46	Sweet-Shrub.....	32
Magnolia.....	12	Symporicarpos.....	39
Malus.....	13-15	Symplocos.....	38
Manure.....	48	Syringa.....	42,43
Maple.....	3	Tamarix.....	39
Mock-Orange.....	37	Taxus.....	21-23
Morus.....	5	Thuja.....	23,26
Mountain-Ash.....	8	Tilia.....	9
Mulberry.....	5	Top Soil.....	48
Myrtle.....	46	Trees, Flowering.....	9-17
Nanny-berry.....	40	Trumpet-Creeper.....	44
Oak.....	7	Tsuga.....	26
Oxydendrum.....	16	Ulmus.....	9
Pachysandra.....	46	Vaccinium.....	39
Pears.....	47	Viburnum.....	39-41
Peat Moss.....	48	Vinca.....	46
Pepperbush, Sweet.....	32	Vines.....	43-45
Periwinkle.....	46	Virginia Creeper.....	43
Philadelphus.....	37	Vitex.....	41
Pieris.....	29	Weigela.....	41,42
Pine.....	20,21	Willow.....	8
Pinus.....	20,21	Winterberry.....	36
Plane.....	6	Winter-Creeper.....	44
Platanus.....	6	Wisteria.....	45
Plum, Flowering.....	17,37	Witch-Hazel.....	34
		Woodbine.....	43
		Yew.....	21-23



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